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ABSTRACT

This booklet was designed as a reference for teachers and students of physics on various types of data. Included are: (1) formulas for various constants involved in the study of gravity, electricity, magnetism, atomic physics, particles, and trigonometry; (2) a chart containing values of trigometric functions; (3) equations used in the study of kinematics, dynamics, momentum and energy, waves and light, electricity and magnetism, atomic physics, and relativity and quantum physics; and (4) a periodic chart of the elements. (TW)





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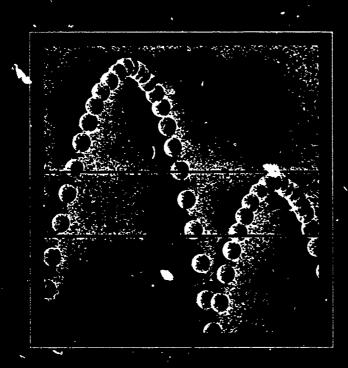
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PHYSICS DATA BOOKLET

(Revised 1987)

Alberta



PHYSICS

CONSTANTS

GRAVITY, ELECTRICITY, AND MAGNETISM

Acceleration Due to Gravity or Gravitation Field Near Earth

 $g \ \underline{\text{or}} \ a_g = 9.8^{\circ} \ \text{m/s}^2 \ \underline{\text{or}} \ 9.81 \ \text{N/kg}$

Gravitational Constant

 $G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{kg}^2$

Mass of Earth

 $M_{\rm e} = 5.98 \times 10^{24} \, \rm kg$

Radius of Earth

 $R_{\rm e} = 6.37 \times 10^6 \, \rm m$

Coulomb's Constant

 $k = 8.99 \times 10^9 \,\text{N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}^2$

Electron Volt

 $1 \text{ eV} = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$

Elementary Charge

 $e = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \,\mathrm{C}$

Fa: aday's Constant

 $\mathcal{F} = 9.65 \times 10^4 \text{ C/mol}$

Index of Refraction of Air

n = 1.00

Speed of Light in Vacuum

 $c = 3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$

ATOMIC PHYSICS

Energy of an Electron in the 1st Bohr Orbit of Hydrogen

 $E_1 = -2.18 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J } \underline{\text{or}} - 13.6 \text{ eV}$

Planck's Constant

 $h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J} \cdot \text{s}$

Radius of 1st Bohr Orbit of Hydrogen

 $r_1 = 5.29 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}$

Rydberg's Constant

 $R_{\rm H} = 1.10 \times 10^7 / {\rm m}$



PARTICLES

	Rest Mass	Charge
Alpha Particle	$m_{\alpha} = 6.65 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$	α^{2+}
Electron	$m_{\rm e} = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$	e⁻
Neutron	$m_{\rm o} = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \rm kg$	n ʻ
Proton	$m_{\rm p} = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} {\rm kg}$	p ⁺

TRIGONOMETRY

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$
 $\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$ $\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
 $c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos C$



YALUES OF TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

Angle	Sin	Cos	Tan	Angle	Sin	Cos	Tan				
1°	0.0175	0.9998	0.0175	46°	0.7193	0.6947	1.0355				
2 °	0.0349	0.9994	0.0349	47°	0.7314	0.6820	1.0724				
3°	0.0523	0.ე986	0.0524	48°	0.7431	0.6691	1.1106				
4 °	0.0698	0.9976	0.0699	49°	0.7547	0.6561	1.1504				
5°	0.0872	0.9962	0.0875	50°	0.7660	0.6428	1.1918				
6 °	0.1045	0.9945	0.1051	51°	0.7771	0.6293	1.2349				
7°	0.1219	0.9925	0.1228	52°	0.7880	0.6157	1.2799				
8°	0.1392	0.9903	0.1405	53°	0.7986	0.6018	1.3270				
9°	0.1564	0.9877	0.1584	54°	0.8090	0.5878	1.3764				
10°	0.1736	0.9848	0.1763	55°	0.8192	0.5736	1.4281				
11°	0.1908	0.9816	0.1944	56°	0.8290	0.5592	1.4826				
12°	0.2079	0.9781	0.2126	57°	0.8387	0.5446	1.5399				
13°	0.2250	0.9744	0.2309	58°	0.8480	0.5299	1.6003				
14°	0.2419	0.9703	0.2493	59°	0.8572	0.5150	1.6643				
15°	0.2588	0.9659	0.2679	60°	0.8660	0.5000	1.7321				
16°	0.2756	0.9613	0.2867	61°	0.8746	0.4848	1.8040				
17°	0.2924	0.9563	0.3057	62°	0.8829	0.4695	1.8807				
18°	0.3090	0.9511	0.3249	63°	0.8910	0.4540	1.9626				
19°	0.3256	0.9455	0.3443	64°	0.8988	0.4384	2.0503				
20°	0.3420	0.9397	0.3640	65°	0.9063	0.4226	2.1445				
21°	0.3584	0.9336	0.3839	66°	0.9135	0.4067	2.2460				
22°	0.3746	0.9272	0.4040	67°	0.9205	0.3907	2.3559				
23°	0.3907	0.9205	0.4245	68°	0.9272	0.3746	2.4751				
24°	0.4067	0.9135	0.4452	69°	0.9336	0.3584	2.6051				
25°	0.4226	0.9063	0.4663	70°	0.9397	0.3420	2.7475				
26°	0.4384	0.8988	0.4877	71°	0.9455	0.3256	2.9042				
27 °	0.4540	0.8910	0.5095	72°	0.9511	0.3090	3.0777				
28°	0.4695	0.8829	0.5317	73°	0.9563	0.2924	3.2709				
29°	0.4848	0.8746	0.5543	74°	0.9613	0.2756	3.4874				
30°	0.5000	0.8660	0.5774	75°	0.9659	0.2588	3.7321				
31°	0.5150	0.8572	0.6009	76°	0.9703	0.2419	4.0108				
32°	0.5299	0.8480	0.6249	77°	0.9744	0.2250	4.3315				
33°	0.5446	0.8387	0.6494	78°	0.9781	0.2079	4.7046				
34°	0.5592	0.8290	0.6745	79°	0.9816	0.1908	5.1446				
35°	0.5736	0.8192	0.7002	80°	0.9848	0.1736	5.6713				
36°	0.5878	0.8090	0.7265	81°	0.9877	0.1564	6.3138				
37°	0.6018	0.7986	0.7536	82°	0.9903	0.1392	7.1154				
38°	0.6157	0.7880	0.7813	83°	0.9925	0.1219	8.1443				
39°	0.6293	0.7771	0.8098	84°	0.9945	0.1045	9.5144				
40°	0.6428	0.7660	0.8391	85°	0.9962	0.0872	11.4301				
41°	0.6561	0.7547	0.8693	86°	0.9976	0.0698	14.3007				
42°	0.6691	0.7431	0.9004	87°	0.9986	0.0523	19.0811				
43°	0.6820	0.7314	0.9325	88°	0.9994	0.0349	28.6363				
44°	0.6947	0.7193	0.9657	89°	0.9998	0.0175	57.2900				
45°	0.7071	0.7071	1.0000	90°	1.0000	0.0000					



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EQUATIONS

Kinematics

$$\vec{v}_{\text{ave}} = \frac{\vec{d}}{t}$$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{\vec{v}_f - \vec{v}_i}{t}$$

$$\vec{d} = \vec{v_i}t + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$\vec{d} = \left(\frac{\vec{v}_f + \vec{v}_i}{2}\right) t$$

$$v_{\rm f}^2 = v_{\rm i}^2 + 2ad$$

Dynamics

$$\vec{F} = m\vec{a}$$

$$\vec{F}t = m\Delta \vec{v}$$

$$\vec{F}_g = m\vec{g}$$

$$F_g = \frac{Gm_1m_2}{R^2}$$

$$g = \frac{Gm_1}{R^2}$$

$$F_{\rm c} = \frac{mv^2}{R}$$

$$F_{\rm c} = \frac{4\pi^2 mR}{T^2}$$

Momentum & Energy

$$\vec{p} = m\vec{v}$$

$$W = Fd$$

$$W = Fd \cos \Theta$$

$$F = \frac{W}{t}$$

$$E_{k} = \frac{1}{2} m v^{2}$$

$$E_p = mgh$$

Waves & Light

$$v = f \lambda$$

$$T=\frac{1}{7}$$

$$\frac{\sin \Theta_1}{\sin \Theta_2} = \frac{v_1}{v_2} = \frac{\lambda_1}{\lambda_2} = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{xd}{nl}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{d \sin \Theta}{n}$$

EQUATIONS

Electricity & Magnetism

$$F_{\rm e}=\frac{kq_1q_2}{R^2}$$

$$V = IR$$

$$|\vec{E}| = \frac{kq_1}{R^2}$$

$$P = IV = I^2R = \frac{V^2}{R}$$

$$|\vec{E}| = \frac{F_e}{a}$$

$$I = \frac{q}{t}$$

$$|\vec{E}| = \frac{V}{d}$$

$$F_{\rm m} = IlB_{\perp}$$

$$V = \frac{\Delta E}{a}$$

$$F_{\rm m} = qvB_{\perp}$$

Atomic Physics

$$m = \frac{It}{9.65 \times 10^4 \text{ C/mol}} \cdot \frac{A}{v}$$

$$E = hf = \frac{hc}{\lambda}$$

$$E_{k_{max}} = hf - W$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} = R_{\rm H} \left(\frac{1}{n_{\rm f}^2} - \frac{1}{n_{\rm i}^2} \right)$$

$$W = hf_0$$

$$E_n = \frac{1}{n^2} E_1$$

$$E_{k_{\text{max}}} = qV_{\text{stop}}$$

$$r_n = n^2 r_1$$

Relativity & Quantum Physics

$$E = mc^2$$

$$p = \frac{h}{\lambda} = \frac{hf}{c}$$

$$E_{k} = (m - m_0)c^2$$

$$\Delta x \Delta p \geq \frac{h}{4\pi}$$

$$m=\frac{m_0}{\sqrt{1-v^2/c^2}}$$

$$2\pi r_n = n\lambda$$

PERIODIC CHART OF THE ELEMENTS

IA	IIA	IIIB	IVB	VB	VIB	VIIB		VIIIB		IB	IIB	IIIA	IVA	VA	VIA	VIIA	VIIIA or O
			АТС	OMIC NUMI	BER →		← SYMB(END						
3 Li 10 letheum 694	4 Be 15 beryllium 901		NAME OF THE ELEMENT — ATOMIC MASS BASED ON 12 C Earbon 1081 1201														
11 Na 0 9 sodium 22 99	12 Mg 1 2 magnesium 24 31	() INDICATES MASS OF THE MOST STABLE ISOTOPE NOTE: The Legend at right denotes the physical state of the elements at 101 kPa and 298 K (25°C) 12 Al 14 Si 18 21 phosphorous 30 97 32 06													1		
19 K 08 potassium 39 10	20 Ca 10 calcium 108	21 Sc 13 scandium 44 96	22 Ti 15 titanium 47 90	23 V 1 6 vanadium 50 94	24 Cr 16 chromium 52 00	25 Mn 1 S manganese 54 94	26 Fe 1 8 170n 55 85	27 LO 18 cob. 58 93	28 Ni 1.8 nickel 58.71	29 Cu 1 9 copper 63 55	30 Zn 1 6 2inc 65 38	31 Ga 1 6 gallium 69 74	32 Ge 18 germanium 72 59	33 As 20 arsenic 74 92	34 Se 24 selenium 78 96	,	•
37 Rb 0.8 rubidium 85 47	36 Sr 10 strontium 87 62	39 Y 13 yttrium 88 91	40 Zr 14 zirconium 91 22	41 Nb 16 niobium 92 91	42 MO 1 8 molybdenum 95 S4	43 Tc 19 technetium 98 91	44 Ru 22 ruthenium 101 07	45 Rh 2 2 rhodium 102 91	46 Pd 22 patladium 106 40	47 Ag 1 9 silver 107 87	48 Cd 1 7 cadmium 112 41	49 In 17 Indium 114 82	50 Sn 1 8 tin 118 69	51 Sb 19 antimony 121 75	52 Te 2 1 tellurium 127 60	53 2 5 iodine 126 9 0	
#5 Cs 07 cesium 132 91	56 Ba 09 barrum 137 33	57-71	72 Hf 13 hafnium 178 49	73 Ta 15 tantaluin 180 %	74 W 17 tungsten 183 85	75 Re 19 rhenium 186 21	76 Os 2 2 0smium 190 20	77 lr 2 2 indium 192 22	78 Pt 2 2 platinum 195 09	79 Å J 2 4 gold 196 97	Hq ÷≁	81 Ti 1 8 thelium 204 37	82 Pb 1 8 lead 207 19	83 Bi 1 9 bismuth 208 98	84 Po 2 0 polonium (209)	85 At 2 2 astatine (210)	
87 Fr 0.7 frencium (223)	rs Ra 09 radium 2803	39-103	104 Rf — rutherfordium (260)	105 Ha — hahnium (26P)	(263)	107 —											

57 fanthar 138 91		58 cenum 140 12		59 praseo 140 91	60 neodyr 144 24	Nd 12 nuin	61 promet (145)	Pm — thium	62 samar 150 35	Sm 12 ium	63 europi 151 96	Eu - um	64 gadolir 157 25	Gd 11	65 terbiun 158 93		66 dysprot 182 50		67 holmiu 164 93		68 erbium 167 26	Er 12	69 thulic 168 9		70 ytterbi 173 04		71 lutetiun 174 97	Lu 12
89 ectiniu (227)	Ac 11 um	90 thoriun 232 04	Th 13	91 protact 231 04	92 uraniu 238 03	U 17 m	93 neptun 237 05	Np 13 Hum	94 pluton (244)	Pu 13 ium	95 americ (243)	Am 13	96 curium (247)	Cm —	97 berkeli (247)	Sk - um	96 califor (251)	Cf rnium	99 einste (254)	munn -	100 fermiu (257)	Fm -	101 mende (258)	Md — Murvel	102 nobelii (259)	No - um	103 (awrend ,260)	Lr -



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